



Polink-2 Plus AP Mouse Detection System for Immunohistochemistry

(2-step Polymer-AP detection system, biotin-free,) **Polymer Detection System with Super Sensitivity and Specificity**

g. 2 ong	Catalog No.	D69-110	110 mL (Bulk, w/o chromogen)
Storage: 2-8°C		D69-18	18 mL
		D69-6	6 mL

Intended Use:

Polink-2 Plus AP Mouse Detection Kit is the 3rd generation of polymer detection system. It uses mouse antibody enhancer to help amplify the polymer-enzyme conjugate reaction to achieve super sensitivity and specificity in immunohistochemistry staining. It produces consistent immunostaining outcomes on archival tissues and on difficult-to-work antibodies. User may need to further dilute primary antibody due to super sensitivity of Polink-2 Plus detection system. It is a biotin-free system, therefore it overcomes the non-specific staining caused by streptavidin/biotin system due to endogenous biotin. Most commonly used specimens for this system are: frozen tissue, paraffin-embedded tissue, freshly prepared lymphocytes and fixed culture cells. It can be used for manual stain or autostainer. Staining conditions need to be optimized by user.

Polink-2 Plus AP Detection System offers a wide choice for primary antibodies, including broad spectrum (for mouse and rabbit primary antibodies), mouse, rabbit, goat, and rat primary antibodies. Refer to **Related Product** section for details.

Kit components:

Component No.	Content	6mL Kit	18mL Kit	110mL Kit
Reagent 1	Mouse Antibody Enhancer(RTU)	6mL	18mL	110mL
Reagent 2	Polymer AP for Mouse (RTU)	6mL	18mL	110mL
Reagent 3A	GBI-Permanent Red Substrate (RTU)	7mL	18mL	NA
Reagent 3B	GBI-Permanent Red Activator (5x)	1.4mL	2x1.8mL	NA
Reagent 3C	GBI-Permanent Red Chromogen (100x)	70μL	180µL	NA

Recommended Protocol:

- 1. Fixation: To ensure the quality of the staining and obtain reproducible performance, user needs to supply appropriately fixed tissue and well prepared slides
- 2. Tissue need to be adhered to the slide tightly to avoid tissue falling off.
- 3. Paraffin embedded section must be deparaffinized with xylene and rehydrated with a graded series of ethanol before staining.
- 4. Cell smear samples should be made into as thin monolayer as possible to obtain satisfactory results.
- 5. Investigator needs to optimize dilution and incubation times for primary antibodies.
- 6. Three control slides will aid the interpretation of the result: positive tissue control, reagent control (slides treated with Isotype control reagent), and negative control.
- 7. Staining steps: DO NOT let specimen or tissue dry from this point on.
- 8. We recommend TBS-T to be used as the wash buffer to get the highest sensitivity and clean background. Phosphate in the PBS-T may inhibit the activity of the alkaline phosphatase. **Note:** 1X TBS-T =50mM Tris HCl, 150mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween-20 pH7.6. GBI sells 10xTBS-T for your convenience (B11xx)

Reagent	Staining Procedure		
1. HIER PRETREATMENT:	Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (HIER) may be required for primary antibody. Refer to primary antibody datasheet.		
	b. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T(See note 8 above); 3 times for 2 minutes each.	3S-T(See note 8 above); 3	
2. PRIMARY ANTIBODY	a. Apply 2 drops (100µL) or enough volume of PRIMARY ANTIBODY to cover the tissue section completely. Incubate in moist chamber for 30-60 min.		
Supplied by user	b. Wash with PBS-T containing 0.05% Tween-20 or 1X TBS-T ; 3 times for 2 minutes each.	30-60min	
3. Reagent 1	a. Apply 2 drops (100μL) or enough volume of Reagent 1 Mouse Antibody Enhancer to		
Mouse Antibody Enhancer (RTU)	cover each section. Incubate in moist chamber for 10 min. b. Wash with PBS/ 0.05% Tween20 or 1xTBS-T 3 times for 2 minutes each.	10min	
4. Reagent 2	a. Apply 2 drops (100 μL) or enough volume of POLYMER-AP for Mouse to cover each	10min	
Polymer AP for Mouse (RTU)	section. Incubate in moist chamber for 10 min. b. Wash with 1X TBS-T only ; 3 times for 2 minutes each		

1

5. Reagent 3A, 3B, 3C Reagent 3A: GBI-Permanent Red Substrate (RTU) Reagent 3B: GBI-Permanent Red Activator (5x) Reagent 3C: GBI-Permanent Red Chromogen (100x)	 a. Add 200μL of Reagent 3B (Activator) into 1mL of Reagent 3A (Substrate) and mix well. Add 10μL of Reagent 3C (Chromogen) into the mixture and mix well. [Note: For fewer slides, Add 100μL of Reagent 3B (Activator) into 500μL of Reagent 3A (Substrate) and mix well. Add 5μL of Reagent 3C (Chromogen) into the mixture and mix well.] b. Apply 2 drops (100μL) or enough volume of GBI-Permanent Red working solution to completely cover the tissue. Incubate for 10 min, observe appropriate color development. c. Rinse well with distilled water. 	10min	
6. Hematoxylin:	 a. Counterstain with 2 (100uL) or more drops hematoxylin to cover tissue completely and wait about 20 seconds. 	20-30 seconds	
Supplied by user.	 b. Rinse well with tap water for 1-2 min. c. Put slides in PBS until the color turn blue (about ½ - 1 min.) d. Rinse in distill water, then rinse well with tap water 	seconds	
7. Mounting medium:	Follow the manufacture data sheet procedure for mounting.		
Supplied by user	Recommended product:		
	1. GB-Mount: Cat. No. E01-18 (18mL), for alcohol soluble substrates (AEC, GBI-Permanent		
	Red and AP-Blue)		
	2. Simpo-Mount: Cat.No. E03-18 (18mL), E03-100 (100mL), universal permanent mounting medium. Can be used with or without cover slip		

Protocol Notes:

- 1. The fixation, tissue slide thickness, and primary antibody dilution and incubation time effect results significantly. Investigator needs to consider all factors and determine optimal conditions when interpret the result.
- 2. Pre-antibody blocking is optional and can be omitted if primary antibodies are diluted in buffers containing 2-10% normal goat serum.
- 3. **GBI-Permanent Red** is insoluble in organic solvent and can be coversliped as well. however the dehydration steps must be shorter for optimal tissue structure and chromogen signal maintenance.

Note: Please wipe off extra water and air dry slides before dehydration and clear.

- a. 1x 80% Ethanol 20 seconds;
- b. 1x 95% Ethanol 20 seconds;
- c. 3x 100% Ethanol 20 seconds each;
- d. 1x 100% Xylene 20 seconds;
- e. Add 1 drop of xylene based mountant (Cat. No. O-Mount, E02-18) and coverslip. Press to push the air bubble out.

CAUTION: DO NOT dehydrate in xylene longer than 20 seconds! It will erase GBI-Permanent Red stain!

Related Products:

Product	Catalog No.	Size	Product	Catalog No.	Size
Polink-2 Plus AP Broad Bulk kit	D68-110	110mL	Polink-2 Plus Mouse-NR AP bulk Kit (No cross react to RAT)	D65-110	110mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Broad 18mL Kit / 6mL Kit	D68-18 / D68-6	18mL / 6mL	Polink-2 Plus AP Mouse-NR 18mL/6mL Kit (No cross react to RAT)	D65-18 / D65-6	18mL / 6mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Rabbit bulk Kit	D70-110	110mL	Fast Red Kit	C03-60	60mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Rabbit 18mL Kit / 6mL Kit	D70-18 / D70-6	18mL / 6mL	AP-Red+ Kit (40x concentrate)	C04-8	8mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Goat Bulk Kit	D66-110	110mL	BCIP/NBT Kit	C05-100/C05-18	100mL / 18mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Goat 18mL Kit / 6mL Kit	D66-18 / D66-6	18mL / 6mL	GB-Mount (Aqueous)	E01-18	18mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Rat-NM (no cross react to mouse) Bulk Kit	D67-110	110mL	Simpo-Mount (Aqueous)	E03-100 /E03-18	100mL / 18mL
Polink-2 Plus AP Rat-NM (no cross react to mouse) 18mL kit / 6mL Kit	D67-18 / D67-6	18mL / 6mL	GBI-Permanent Red Kit	C13-18/ C13-120	18mL / 120mL

Precautious

Please wear gloves, eye protection and take other necessary precautions. If any of the reagent come in contact with skin wash area completely with plenty of water and soap. If irritation develops seek medical attention.

Remarks:

For research use only.

References:

 De Pasquale A, Paterlini P, Quaglino D. Immunochemical demonstration of different antigens in single cells in paraffin-embedded histological sections. Clin Lab Haematol. 1982;4(3):267-72. Polak J. M and Van Noorden S. Introduction to Immunocytochemistry Second Edition. Bios Scientific Publishers. P41-54. 1997